

Leadership Development Program

Our Purpose

The purpose of Grace Fellowship's Leadership Development program is to teach, train, and test men in the hands-on environment of a local church, in order to prepare and evaluate them for the possibility of future biblical eldership and church planting, either with Grace Fellowship or with another church or ministry (e.g., missions).

Our Emphasis

See appendix 1

Our Plan

Our plan is threefold:

- 1. **Teaching:** The elders of Grace Fellowship will provide instruction in matters of doctrine, evangelism, church practice, and biblical eldership. Teaching will rarely be in the form of lecture, but rather, most often, through discussions with the elders and other leaders. In addition, participants will be given reading, writing, and Scripture memory assignments, and may be required to attend or listen to specified Bible conferences or lectures.
- 2. Training: Participants will be given numerous opportunities to hone their teaching skills. These will most often be in the context of the elder/leadership meetings and home gatherings, but may also include teaching at our whole-church gatherings. Teaching and preaching will be evaluated and critiqued by the elders and others who can provide sound, pertinent input.
- 3. **Testing:** Participants will be required to attend a weekly meeting with one or more of the elders. The times and length of these meetings may vary. It will be helpful for trainees to have a somewhat flexible schedule. Participants will also be assigned the duties of planning, coordinating, and carrying out much of the necessary work involved in the various activities of the church. In this way they will not only serve the body of Christ and relieve the elders, but will also have the opportunity to demonstrate their eagerness to be found faithful in whatever tasks they are assigned.

Prerequisites

Because we will make a significant investment in a developing leader, not just anyone may be a part of the program. A prospective participant in the leadership development program must meet the following criteria:

- 1. He must be a member of Grace Fellowship for a minimum of six months before applying for the leadership development program.

 Note: The only exception will be in the case of prospective interns who will be moving to our area for the purpose of internship. In such cases, membership with Grace Fellowship will still be required before entering the program, but the six-month period will be waived if the prospective intern can provide satisfactory written commendation (as defined in prerequisite #2).
- 2. He must obtain written commendations from three people (not family members) who are known and/or approved by the elders. These people must affirm their current and personal awareness of the applicant's character, enthusiasm, self-discipline, work ethic, teachable spirit, submission to leadership, cooperation with others, faithfulness in attendance and participation, etc.
- 3. He must be in complete agreement with Grace Fellowship's statement of faith. If there are points of doctrine that he does not fully understand, or with which he does not fully agree, he is required to disclose his differences and/or lack of understanding in writing before entering the program. The elders will review his written statements and determine whether or not his doctrinal differences and/or lack of understanding are significant enough to preclude him from teaching, in which case he would be ineligible for the intern program.
- 4. He must be in agreement with Grace Fellowship's vision and values, and our emphasis.
- 5. He must have a God-given desire, evident giftedness, and every intention, to dedicate his life to serving as a pastor, missionary, evangelist, church planter, Bible teacher, etc. Our investment in the training of interns is too significant to allow for those who merely want the experience or education.

Counting the Cost

Like all dedicated Christian ministry, leadership training will place certain necessary demands on a man and his family (e.g. time, energy, extra study, etc.). Men who are already excessively busy with school or work, or those who do not have the full and informed support of significant family members (specifically, wives) should not consider leadership training at this time.

Reading Requirements

Trainees will be required to read 2 books during each quarter (i.e. 2 books every three months). In order to promote cohort learning, all leaders will work through one mandatory book and Porterbrook Module. In addition, other suggested resources are recommended. After reading each book, the trainee must submit a written overview, no more than 2 pages in length (typed, single-spaced), which he will distribute and verbally summarize at one of the elder/leadership meetings. Participants must obtain their own books for these reading assignments.

1. The Supremacy of God

* Book. *The Prodigal God* by Tim Keller (Porterbrook: The Real God for the Real World)

(There is also a video presentation by Keller that may provide an alternative or supplement to the book)

Book. Desiring God by John Piper

Book. Vintage Jesus by Mark Driscoll

Book. The Pleasures of God by John Piper

Book. The Attributes of God by A. W. Pink

Book. The Holiness of God by R. C. Sproul

Book Delighting in the Trinity by Tim Chester

Booklet. "The Glory of the God Most High" by Murray McLellan

Book. Who is God by Mark Driscoll

2. The Supremacy of God in the Church

* Book. *Total Church* by Tim Chester and Steve Timmis (Porterbrook: Gospel Living)

* Book. The Deliberate Church by Mark Dever and Paul Alexander (Porterbrook: Missional Church &

* Book. Center Church by Tim Keller

Book. Vintage Church by Mark Driscoll

Church Planting)

Book Confessions Of A Reformissionary Rev by Mark Driscoll

Book. A Journey in Purity by Richard Belcher

Article. "Every Believer is a Minister" by Geoff Volker

Article. "Biblical Leadership and the New Covenant Priesthood" by Bill Knaub

Book. Ministries of Mercy by Tim Keller

3. The Supremacy of God in Preaching/Teaching

* Book. *The Supremacy of God in Preaching* by John Piper (Porterbrook: Reading God's Story)

* Audio "Preaching to the Heart" (series by Tim Keller) (Porterbrook: Bible Teaching in

* Book. Expositional Preaching by David Helm

Missional Perspective)

Book Him We Proclaim by Dennis Johnson

Book. Preaching: Communicating Faith in an Age of Skepticism by Tim Keller

Book. Preaching the Whole Bible as Christian Scripture by Graeme Goldsworthy

Book. Gospel-Centered Hermeneutics by Graeme Goldsworthy

Book. Christ-centered Preaching by Bryan Chapell (Chapell's audio class lectures are also available)

Audio "Preaching the Gospel in a Postmodern World" (series by Keller and Clowney)

4. The Supremacy of God in Pastoral Ministry

* Book. Biblical Eldership by Alexander Strauch (Porterbrook: Gospel-Centred Leadership)

* Book. Dangerous Calling by Paul Tripp

* Book. What's Best Next by Matt Perman

Book. The Pastor's Justification by Jared Wilson

Book. Brothers, We are not Professionals by John Piper

5. The Supremacy of God in Counseling

* Book. Counsel From the Cross by Elyse Fitzpatrick and Dennis Johnson (Porterbrook: Pastoral Care

Book. Our Sufficiency in Christ by John MacArthur

- Parts 1 and Part 2

Book. When People are Big and God is Small by Edward T. Welch

6. The Supremacy of God in Prayer

* Book. A Call to Spiritual Reformation by D.A. Carson (Porterbrook: Missional Community Life)

* Book. Prayer: Experiencing Awe and Intimacy with God by Tim Keller

Book. A Praying Life by Paul Miller

7. The Supremacy of God in Evangelism

* Book. Evangelism and the Sovereignty of God by J.I. Packer (Porterbrook: Evangelism)

Book. The Explicit Gospel by Matt Chandler

Book. Stop Asking Jesus into your Heart by J.D. Greear

Book. Tell the Truth by Will Metzger

Booklet. "What is a Christian" by John Reisinger

Booklet. "Evangelism 101" by Matt Waymeyer

Booklet. "The Distinctiveness of the Christian Gospel" by Fred Zaspel

Booklet. "Sinners, Jesus Will Receive" by William Payne

Book. Faith Works by John MacArthur

Book Questioning Evangelism by Randy Newman

Book The World We All Want by Tim Chester and Steve Timmis

8. The Supremacy of God in the Word

* Book. Abraham's Four Seeds by John Reisinger (Porterbrook: The Bible in Missional Perspective)

* Booklet "New Covenant Theology" by Murray McLellan

Book. Tablets of Stone by John Reisinger

Book. New Covenant Theology by Wells and Zaspel

Book The Old Testament Explained and Applied by Gareth Crossley

Booklet. "Gabriel's Prophecy of the 70 Weeks: A Prophecy of the Christ!" by M. McLellan

Booklet. "The Law Speaks" by Murray McLellan

Booklet "Theology of Fulfillment" by Fred Zaspel

9. The Supremacy of God in Electing Grace

* Books on the all five points of Calvinism by John Reisinger

Book. The Five Points of Calvinism by Steele, Thomas, and Quinn

Book. The Reformed Doctrine of Predestination by Lorraine Boettner

Book. Still Sovereign; Thomas Schreiner and Bruce Ware, ed.

Book. A Journey in Grace by Richard Belcher

10. The Supremacy of God in Sanctification

* Book. You Can Change by Tim Chester

* Book *The End of Religion* by Bruxy Cavey

Book. When I Don't Desire God by John Piper

Book. Jesus' Sermon on the Mount by D.A. Carson

Booklet. "Is There a Difference Between O. C. and N. C. Holiness?" by M. McLellan

Audio Message. "Doing Missions When Dying is Gain" by John Piper

Book or Audio of Pilgrim's Progress by John Bunyan

11. The Supremacy of God in the World

* Book. A Reason for God by Tim Keller

12. The Supremacy of God in Church History/ Biography

Book. William Carey by S. Pearce Carey (Porterbrook: Living the Cross & Resurrection)

Book. Jonathan Edwards; A New Biography by Iain Murray

Book. The Life and Diary of David Brainerd by Jonathan Edwards

Book. George Whitefield by Arnold A. Dallimore

Books D. Martin Lloyd Jones (2 volumes) by Iain Murray

Book. The Autobiography of John Patton by James Patton, editor

(Porterbrook: Gospel Change)

(Porterbrook: Apologetics)

13. The Supremacy of God in Church Planting and Missions

*Book. Church Zero by Peyton Jones

Book. Saturate by Jeff Vandersteldt

Book. Let the Nations Be Glad by John Piper (Porterbrook: Beyond the Church Plant) (Porterbrook: Engaging Globally)

Book. A Vision for Missions by Tom Wells

14. The Supremacy of God in the Family

*Book. The Meaning of Marriage by Tim and Kathy Keller

Book/DVD What Did You Expect by David Tripp (Porterbrook: Gospel Relationships)

Book/DVD Mingling of Souls by Matt Chandler

Book. Give Them Grace: Dazzling Your Kids with the Love of Jesus by Elyse Fitzpatrick

Book. Shepherding a Child's Heart by Tedd Tripp

Book The Exemplary Husband by Stuart Scott

(Other books may be added to this list in the future)

Review of an Unbiblical Book (pursuant to Titus 1:9)

In addition to the reading assignments described above, each leadership trainee must review and refute the teaching of one book of his choice (one that is currently in print) that presents Christian doctrine and/or practice in an unbiblical manner. The book must be previously unread and the intern's choice must be approved by an elder. This review should be more in-depth than the summaries of the books listed above, and at least 4 pages in length (typed, single-spaced).

Scripture Memory

Each participant must memorize passages of Scripture. Scripture memory may be done using NKJV, NIV, OT ESV.

Appendix 1



Our Doctrinal Emphasis

(Thanks to John Reisinger, Tim Keller and John Piper. Their influence can be found in the document below.)

THE NATURE OF GOD

God is glorious (Exodus 15:11; Psalm 145:5). His glory consists in the overwhelming and overflowing beauty which stems from the sum total of all His attributes working together in perfect harmony. God is perfect in His holiness (Exodus 15:11; Isaiah 6:3; I Peter 1:16), justice (Psalm 99:4; Luke 19:7-8; Hebrews 6:10), wisdom (Romans 11:33; I Corinthians 2:7; Ephesians 3:10), power (Isaiah 44:24; Job 9:12; Jeremiah 32:17), grace and mercy (Ephesians 1:6-7; 2:4, 7-9; Romans 3:24), and love (I John 4:7-8, 16; Romans 5:18; John 3:16).

THE MOTIVE OF THE GLORY OF GOD

God not only is glorious. He loves His glory with infinite intensity (Isaiah 48:9-11) and therein lies His righteousness (Romans 9:14,15; Exodus 33:18,19). For God to be righteous, He must love what is best; therefore His ultimate loyalty must be to the maintenance and manifestation of His own glory. In other words, all that God does. He does for His own name's sake (Ezekiel 36:20-23), God created humanity for His glory (Isaiah 43:7,21); God redeems sinners for the praise of His glory (Ephesians 1:5-6, 12, 14; Romans 3:26; 15:7); God empowers Christians to live for His glory, both individually (I Corinthians 10:31; I Peter 4:11) and corporately (Ephesians 3:10); and God's ultimate goal for His people is that they might see and enjoy His glory forever (John 17:24). His ultimate will or plan for history is that "the earth will be filled with the knowledge and the glory of God as the waters cover the sea" (Hebrews 2:14.cf. Numbers 14:21). But God's unswerving zeal for His own glory does not mean that God is unconcerned about man's welfare. No, God's mercy and grace toward undeserving sinners in Christ is the apex of His glory (Romans (9:22-23). And the greatest possible good for man is to see God face to face, just as He is (I Corinthians 13:12; I John 3:2) and to behold the beauty of the Lord (Psalm 27:4). In fact, God's absolute faithfulness to His own glory manifests itself in God's absolute faithfulness to His covenant promises (His glory is at stake in whether He keeps His word or not) and thus it becomes the ultimate ground of our assurance (Psalm 143:1, 11; Daniel 9:14-19).

THE REVELATION OF GOD IN JESUS CHRIST (i.e. New Covenant Theology)

God, before the foundation of the world, purposed to manifest his glory in an unfolding way. This eternal purpose would be accomplished in and through Christ Jesus our Lord (see Eph. 3:8-11). This is the heart of what is called New Covenant Theology. The name New Covenant Theology is a label given to what the God-breathed Scriptures unveil for us. Theology comes from two Greek words: Theos - referring to the one true and living God; and logos - the word or expression or revelation from and of this glorious God. The New Covenant is the very Word or expression or revelation of God. At the very core of the New Covenant is the Lord Jesus Christ himself. This is what was foretold by the prophets of God. "I, the LORD, have called You in righteousness, and will hold Your hand; I will keep You and give You as a covenant to the people, as a light to the Gentiles, to open blind eyes, to bring out prisoners from the prison, those who sit in darkness from the prison house." (Isa. 42:6-7) "...I will preserve You and give You as a covenant to the people. . . ." (Isa. 49:8). Jesus is the Word - the logos. "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. ... And the Word became flesh and dwelt among us, and we beheld His glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father, full of grace and truth." (John 1:1, 14)

Thus, in the term *New Covenant Theology* we declare that God, for his own delight, has revealed himself and manifested his glory ultimately in the Person of the Lord Jesus Christ and his complete and perfect work on the Cross through which he has established a New Covenant in his blood. (Heb. 1:1-3) Prior to the incarnation, all of history and all of Scripture had progressively been moving toward and aiming at the great day of Christ and the New Covenant reality that would glorify God forever and ever. This was God's eternal plan, worked out through the creation of a physical world and universe; a way of going public with his glory in an incredible way for his own delight (Eph. 1:9-12; 3:8-11). This resounds to the praise of the glory of his grace!

God foretold the new thing he would do, and in the fullness of time, he did it (Is. 42:6-9; 43:19; 45:21-25; 46:9-13). He established the Lord who reigns over a kingdom of redeemed people upon whom the Spirit has been poured. These kingdom citizens relate to God on the basis of a New Covenant in which Jesus himself is their High Priest, Judge, Shepherd, King, Prophet; their very life! (Gal. 4:4; Acts 2:36; Heb. 7:22; 8:6; 9:11; 10:14)

All of God's previous revelation, including the Mosaic era, anticipated and led to the coming of Christ (Gal. 3:19). Even that Old Covenant was a "shadow of things to come, but the substance is of Christ" (Col. 2:17; see also Heb. 10:1). "For all the promises of God in Him are Yes, and in Him Amen, to the glory of God through us." (2 Cor. 1:20) Thus, the pinnacle of God's unfolding revelation comes to us in the New Testament Scriptures, in the face of Jesus Christ. Behold Immanuel! What fullness of joy comes to those who were born blind when they behold the Lord Jesus Christ. To God be the glory! "For it is God who commanded light to shine out of darkness, who has shone in our hearts to give the light of the knowledge of the glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ." (2 Cor. 4:6) Here in the New Testament Scriptures, the Spirit, through his chosen apostles, gives us our Lord's words about the mystery of Christ, "which in other ages was not made known to the sons of men" (Eph. 3:5). The two testaments proclaim the same message, but from differing standpoints. The first, sometimes using veiled and symbolic language, points forward in anticipation and the other, in clear and unmistakable terms, declares completion/accomplishment. Thus, we must read all of Scripture in light of the New Covenant, established in Jesus Christ (Matt. 5:17; Luke 10:23-24; 24:27, 44; John 5:46; 8:56; Heb. 10:7). We must read Scripture in context. The Bible needs to be understood and communicated not only in its parts, but also in the whole. "For I have not shunned to declare to you the whole counsel of God." (Acts 20:27)

Since there is one Divine Author behind all the human authors of Scripture, it is essential that we seek to understand how all the parts of Scripture fit together to communicate the whole purpose of God. It seems consistent with God's revelation that true biblical theology is the recognition of God's purpose, unfolding and weaving its way from Genesis to Revelation on the timeline of redemptive history, culminating in Jesus Christ. Dr. D.A. Carson, in *The Gagging of God* writes, "Each major strand [of biblical theology] must be woven into the fabric that finds its climax and ultimate significance in the person and work of Jesus Christ." [(Grand Rapids, MI: Zondervan, 1996), 545] New Covenant Theology aims to pass on the vision and purpose of God in Christ, so that students of the Word will not only learn to understand Scripture in its parts, but will gain and cherish a breath-taking sense of the Christ-centeredness of all of Scripture.

THE SOVEREIGNTY OF GOD

The God of the Bible is the creator of the whole visible and invisible universe and He is the sovereign ruler of it. From all eternity, He freely and unchangeably, in His most holy wisdom, ordained whatsoever comes to pass. To use the words of Paul, God does "all things according to the counsel of His will" (Ephesians 1:11), having sovereign control of all events from the events of rulers and nations (Daniel 4:25, 32, 34-35) to the flight of a sparrow (Matthew 10:29). In particular, God's sovereignty is worked out in the area of salvation. To ensure that the salvation of sinners abounds to the praise of God's glory, God saves His people by grace alone apart from works, lest anyone should boast (Ephesians 2:8-9). The

sovereignty of God's grace is seen in God's unconditional election of His people out of the mass of sinful humanity for salvation (Romans 8:29, 9:6-23; Ephesians 1:4), the glorious atonement of Christ which actually accomplishes the salvation of God's people (I Peter 3:18), the irresistible grace of God's effectual call (Romans 8:30; I Peter 2:9) and the regenerating work of the Holy Spirit (Jeremiah 31:31-34; Ezekiel 36:26ff; John 3:4; Titus 3:5) which enable and move a person to respond to the gospel of Christ in saving faith, and God's persevering in grace with his saints (I Peter 1:5; Jude 1; John 10:28-30; Philippians 1:6) so that His people will in fact persevere to the end and be saved.

THREE WAYS TO LIVE

There are three ways to live - the irreligious way, the religious way, and the gospel way. The Bible presents the gospel as the antidote to irreligion and religion. Luke 15:1-2, 11-32 illustrates there 3 distinct ways. There are two worldly approaches to God which are wrong and will leave you lost and alienated from God:

- * Moralistic approach (elder brother):
- * Relativistic approach (younger brother):

The only way to approach God is on the basis of sheer grace. The gospel is, therefore, radically different from both irreligion and religion. Irreligion operates on the principle of self-acceptance, and obeys "self" as lord. Religion operates on the principle: "I obey, therefore I am accepted". The gospel operates on the principle: "I am accepted through Christ by sheer grace, therefore I obey."

THE GOSPEL-CENTERED LIFE

Who Jesus is and what He has done provides both the motive and the means to true Christian spirituality. The Gospel is to be applied to every area of thinking, feeling, relating, working, and behaving. The Gospel changes people from the inside out. Christ gives us a radically new identity, freeing us from both self-righteousness and self-condemnation. He liberates us to accept people we once excluded, and to break the bondage of things (even good things) that once drove us. In particular, the gospel makes us welcoming and respectful toward those who do not share our beliefs. Bringing the gospel truth to bear on every area of life is the way to be changed by the power of God.

We never "get beyond the gospel" in our Christian life to something more "advanced". The gospel is not the first "step" in a "stairway" of truths, rather, it is more like the "hub" in a "wheel" of truth. The gospel is not just the A-B-C's but the A to Z of Christianity. The gospel is not just the minimum required doctrine necessary to enter the kingdom, but the way we make all progress in the kingdom. We are not justified by the gospel and then sanctified by obedience, but the gospel is *the* way we grow (Gal.3:1-3) and are renewed (Col.1:6). It is the solution to each problem, the key to each closed door, the power through every barrier (Rom.1:16-17).

It is very common in the church to think as follows. "The gospel is for non-Christians. One needs it to be saved. But once saved, you grow through hard work and obedience." But Col.1:6 shows that this is a mistake. Both confession and "hard work" that is not arising from and "in line" with the gospel will not sanctify you--it will strangle you. All our problems come from a failure to apply the gospel. Thus when Paul left the Ephesians he committed them "to the word of his grace, which can build you up" (Acts 20:32)

THE COMBINATION OF HEAD AND HEART

In the Christian life, emotions are crucial and thinking is crucial. God is not honored by either an unfeeling, joyless, loveless intellectualism or by an unthinking, uncritical emotionalism. Both are needed - minds that are gripped by the truth of God acquired through the serious and rigorous study of Scripture, and hearts that are on fire with intense emotions of love for God and His glory, awe of His majestic holiness, gratitude for His mercy, and fear of His wrath. In the final analysis, what God wants most is our hearts. That was the problem with the Pharisees - they honored God with their lips but their hearts were far from Him (Matthew 15:8). One of Jesus' most chilling threats was to professing believers who had no emotions toward God. They were neither hot nor cold - they were lukewarm. And Jesus promised to spit them out of His mouth (Revelation 3:15-16). But the way God longs to reach our hearts is through our minds. It is through the truth of Scripture that we become transformed people through the renewing of our minds (Romans 12:2). This truth comes through the discipline of careful reading of the text (Ephesians 3:4) seeking to find the author's intended meaning. The role of the Holy Spirit is not to add anything to the text but to make the heart of the reader humble so that he or she will welcome and embrace the truth (I Corinthians 2:14). Thus our position could be summed up as follows: "The heart is crucial, through the head."

CHRISTIAN HEDONISM

The chief end of man is to glorify God by enjoying Him forever. Because God's mercy to His people is the apex of His glory, enjoying the benefits of that mercy in faith honors and glorifies God. The faith that glorifies God is a happy, hearty trust. Therefore, joy in God is essential to honoring God (as C.S. Lewis states, "Joy in God is a Christian duty"). If faith earnestly believes that "God rewards those who seek Him" (Hebrews 11:6) and if obedience flows from faith, then all obedience must be a pursuit of God's reward and of joy in God. This follows the example of Jesus "who for the joy set before Him endured the cross, despising the shame" (Hebrews 12:2;cf. the example of Moses in Hebrews 11:25-26). All people instinctively long to be happy and filled with joy. The Christian is the one who by the grace of God has discovered that God is the only source of satisfying and enduring joy. Thus God is honored as the only one who can fully meet our needs. In the wisdom of God, the glory of God and the eternal joy and well-being of His people always coincide. Therefore, to pursue one is to pursue the other.